What is a physical change?	A change in the substance that does not change the identity of a substance.
What are some examples of a physical change?	<ul> <li>Wool made into a sweater</li> <li>Boiling water</li> <li>Stretching a rubber band</li> </ul>
What is a chemical change?	The identity of a substance changes and it becomes something else
What are some examples of a chemical change?	<ul> <li>Wood burning</li> <li>Silver spoon tarnishing</li> <li>Gate rusting</li> <li>Bleach on jeans</li> <li>Copper turns green</li> </ul>
5 Signs of a Chemical Change	<ul> <li>Produces an odor (a smell)</li> <li>Change in temperature</li> <li>Change in color</li> <li>Makes bubbles</li> <li>Makes a solid</li> </ul>
Produce an Odor	A smell appears  An example would be a thunderstorm  The lightening has caused a chemical change in the air.

## Change in temperature

Temperature goes up or down

An example would be a log burning.
The fire burns the wood and it turns
to ash.

Change in color



An example would be a copper penny turning green or the Statue of Liberty that turned green.

Formation of bubbles



Bubbles are made

An example would be putting an antacid tablet in a cup of water.

Formation of a solid



A solid is made

An example would be the shells of clams and mussels are made from substances in sea water and substances from the animal.

How are physical changes and chemical changes alike?	<ul> <li>Both are changes</li> <li>Both involve a substance</li> <li>Both have properties</li> <li>Both can have a change in color</li> </ul>
How are physical changes and chemical changes different?	Physical changes do not change the identity of the substance. Chemical changes change the identity of the chemical make-up.

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